



Facts about ADHD

- ADHD is a neurodevelopmental disorder that has been clinically observed for more than 200 years
- ADHD is the most prevalent childhood psychiatric disorder in Canada
- There are three presentations of ADHD
 - 1. Predominately inattentive (previously referred to as ADD)
 - 2. Predominately hyperactive (very rare)
 - 3. Combined (most prevalent)

How ADHD affects individuals

- ADHD affects all aspects of one's life work, school, finances, and relationships
- Individuals with ADHD struggle in the following areas:
 - o **Executive Functioning** planning, time management, organization, procrastination, motivation
 - Emotional regulation trouble regulating their emotions (can overreact to a situation, emotional outbursts)
 - Attention trouble regulating their attention (over focus/hyperfocus or under focus)









- Hyperactivity may include fidgeting, taping, excessive talking, extreme restlessness, racing thoughts
- Impulse control React without pausing to think, or poor inhibition control

ADHD Assessment

There are a variety of medical professionals that can assess/diagnose ADHD:

- Psychiatrist (Adult, Child and Adolescent) (with ADHD training)
- Psychologist (with ADHD training) Psychologists do not prescribe medication
- Family Physician (with ADHD training)
- Pediatrician and/or Developmental Pediatrician
- Neurologist (with ADHD training)

Psychiatrists, Pediatricians and Neurologists require a referral from your family physician or a walk-in clinic. CHILD ADULT

ADHD Treatment

ADHD Treatment should always be multi-modal, meaning more than one treatment. Treatments include

- Psychoeducation learning as much as you can about ADHD is an important first step to treatment
- Pharmacological ADHD medication (<u>READ MORE</u>)
- Cognitive Behavior Therapy
- ADHD Coaching
- School and workplace Accommodations
- Mindfulness, Exercise, and Nutrition

For more information on Treatments use the following links CHILD ADULT





